FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

FOR

Y COLEG CYMRAEG CENEDLAETHOL

Bevan Buckland LLP Chartered Accountants And Statutory Auditors Ground Floor Cardigan House Castle Court Swansea Enterprise Park Swansea SA7 9LA

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	ı	Page	е
The Chair's Report			
Report of the Trustees	2	to	6
Report of the Independent Auditors	7	to	10
Statement of Financial Activities		11	
Balance Sheet		12	
Cash Flow Statement		13	
Notes to the Cash Flow Statement		14	
Notes to the Financial Statements	15	to	24

THE CHAIR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

This year's report was presented by Dr Aled Eirug who commenced his term as Chair of the College's Board of Directors on 1 September, 2022. The College is very grateful to Llinos Roberts, Deputy Chair of the Board for acting as interim Chair until Aled Eirug was appointed.

The pandemic threw a shadow over the College's activities during 2021/22, but the challenges were responded to effectively and flexibly by adapting its working methods and its plans, and ensured that as many as possible of our activities continued. Around the end of the year, with restrictions easing, more face to face activities were seen returning; although some of the activities continued as they had been developed in virtual or hybrid form

In the field of Higher Education the financing order through Subject Grants continue and the College officers collaborate closely with universities and individual departments within the universities to ensure ambitious goals are reached. The Associate Lecturers Plan continues to grow including every lecturer through the medium of Welsh in those academic departments / schools who accept Subject Grants.

Over 3,000 learners and students, over 2,000 prospective students and over 1,000 staff registered as members of the College's academic community. Over 600 undergraduate scholarships were awarded to students. The College co-ordinated a substantial project to develop Welsh medium digital learning materials under the sponsorship of the Higher Education Funding Council for Wales during the year, drawing academic staff together from a number of establishments and subjects in order to enrich the resources available to students. Two editions of Gwerddon were published as well as comprehensive resources as an e-book Introduction to Marketing, a Welsh/French- French/Welsh dictionary, and Prentis-iaith resource (Understanding) to support apprentices to use their Welsh. There was a report originating from a small grant by the College for a project concerning Second Homes as a basis for developing a significant policy by the Welsh Government.

The College has also continued to develop its work in the fields of Further Education and Apprenticeships. By now, the College receives a substantially higher budget in this field, and specific plans and new developments are starting to come to fruition. 150 supporting educational resources were developed during the year, and a programme of developing resources has been formed and is operational. Development grants support a number of jobs in priority fields and the Gwreiddio Scheme for staff in the further education and apprenticeship sectors was launched during the year.

We thank everybody who has worked within and outside the College in responding proactively to this challenging period.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2022. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Charitable objectives

The objective of the College will be, for the benefit of the public, promoting learning and knowledge by:

- a. promoting, holding, developing and planning Welsh medium and Welsh language provision and related activities in higher education, further and continuing education establishments in Wales, working with higher education, further education establishments, schools and partner establishments in Wales and through them; and
- b. promoting, holding, developing and planning learning, acquiring, improving and polishing Welsh language communication skills for people generally with suitable establishments in Wales and other places.

Public benefit

The Trustees have considered the Charities Commission guidelines on public benefit recognising the three principles of public interest and they are of the opinion that the College, as a charity, satisfy those principles. The Objectives of the College are noted above.

- a. There has to be a identifiable benefit or benefits which are clear, connected to the aims of the College and assessed against any disadvantage or harm;
- b. There have to be benefits for the public or a section of the public. The beneficiaries have to be appropriate to the aims and, if benefit is offered to a faction of the public, there should not be unreasonable restriction on the opportunity to have benefit and people in poverty should not be excluded from receiving benefit.
- c. Those individuals who want to have higher education, further education, and who want to learn in the workplace through the medium of Welsh are the possible beneficiaries regarding the College's activities. This is open to all who have the required skills and the determination to seek post-mandatory education in this way.

STRATEGIC REPORT

Achievement and performance

These are noted in the Chair's Report.

Financial review

The results and financial position for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out on pages 10 to 24.

Revenue arises largely from funds received from the Welsh Government. The majority of the costs in the year have been costs related to the funding of the Coleg's program of activities, in the form of grant funding to universities, further education colleges and apprenticeship providers; the central running costs of the Coleg; and the support costs of educational activities within individual institutions as well as nationally across the sectors.

The Coleg's financial results during this year have been significantly affected by an increase in the Coleg's Pension Provision.

Investment policy

The Coleg's Finance and General Purposes Committee have developed an investment policy which has been ratified by the Coleg Board, which provides a framework for the Coleg's investments including ethical considerations upon investing. The Committee has appointed Sarasin as investment managers and the Coleg formally monitors investment performance on a quarterly basis through the Committee.

Reserves policy and going concern

The Trustees are satisfied that the Coleg's assets are adequate to fulfil its obligations in relation to its projected commitments. The Trustees have carefully considered the possible financial implications of COVID on the Coleg. Welsh Government have committed to continuing to fund and support the Coleg's work, and this is evidenced by statements issued by Welsh Ministers on the floor of the Senedd.

The level of reserves is considered appropriate to ensure that the Coleg is able to meet its objectives and is consistent with the Reserves Policy, which indicates that an unrestricted reserve of at least £2 million is required.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

STRATEGIC REPORT

Financial and risk management objectives and policies

The Board carries the overall responsibility for ensuring there is a sound system of risk management, control and governance. The directors discharge this responsibility through the following elements:

Effective review by the Board and relevant committees, particularly the Audit and Risk Committee;

Control systems which include policies, objectives and plans, management of key risks and opportunities, monitoring of financial and operational performance, physical safeguarding of assets, segregation of duties, authorisation and approval procedures, and information systems;

The identification and management of risk embedded in all business systems.

The Coleg's approach for the effective management of risk is set out below:

The Coleg focuses on the active management of risk as an integral part of the management process within every part of the organisation;

As part of the risk management framework, the Coleg clearly identifies risks of various kinds to the achievement of its objectives. These risks may be strategic or operational and may present potential implications for the Coleg's reputation, its financial position or its day to day operations or any combination thereof:

The Coleg actively encourages all managers to consider risk implications of each major decision, contract or project as a normal part of their day to day work;

The Coleg integrates risk management into the annual planning process which is the means by which the Board of Directors determine and co-ordinate the Coleg's academic and other activities;

The Board and the senior management team endeavour to identify and focus on immediate and transient risks with strategic implications, which may change from week to week, as well as on the more substantial and permanent risks which are identified in the Coleg's risk register;

Managers are expected to link risk identification to action, whether in mitigation of the risk or in response to it.

The management team effectively operates the risk management procedures as part of the day to day operation of the Coleg.

The Board requires the Audit and Risk Committee to undertake an assessment three times a year of significant risk through a snapshot assessment, and the Coleg's risk register has been further developed and enhanced in consultation with internal audit. The assessment is recorded through the risk register and is part of the ongoing process of risk management. The risk register identifies significant risks and contains details of:

the nature of the risk

its potential and likelihood of the impact

the 'owner' of the risk

the control processes which manage the risk

the potential and likelihood of the impact following the control processes

The Audit and Risk Committee regularly reviews the adequacy of the process of risk management at the Coleg as it continues to be developed.

The Board is of the view that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the Coleg's significant risks that has been in place for the year ended 31 March 2022 and in place up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements and that it is regularly reviewed by the Board.

Plans for the future

The College will work with partners, including Welsh Government, to plan, develop, safeguard and supervise Welsh medium or bilingual provision and activities - in universities, Colleges and apprenticeship Providers. We will also try to identify opportunities arising, e.g. development of combined learning in order to promote Welsh and bilingual education. The College will act strategically in the Higher Education, Further Education and Apprenticeship sectors in order to hold Welsh medium and bilingual provision of the highest order and thus making a specific contribution to the objective of creating a Million Welsh Speakers. The College looks forward to collaborating with key partners in ensuring a Welsh and bilingual workforce with suitable skills for the future including AaGIC, the Education Workforce Council, the new Tertiary Commission and Welsh Government.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT Governing document

The charity is controlled by its governing document, a deed of trust, and constitutes a limited company, limited by guarantee, as defined by the Companies Act 2006.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT Charity constitution

The Board comprises up to 12 members, including the Chair appointed in accordance with the Coleg's Governance Instrument. A clear distinction is drawn between the role of the Chair and that of the Coleg's Chief Executive. Those matters specifically reserved to the Board for decision are set out in the Articles of Association of the Coleg. The Board holds to itself the responsibilities for the ongoing strategic direction of the Coleg, the effective and efficient use of resources and the approval of major developments and receives regular reports from senior management.

The Board normally meets three times a year and has five standing committees (Academic Board, Post-16 Strategic Board, Audit and Risk Committee, Finance and General Purposes Committee, and Appointments and Governance and Standards Committee).

The Academic Board advises the Board of Directors on academic matters within the Higher Education sector. It provides an ongoing focus on academic planning at the Coleg within Higher Education and provides a forum for maintaining formal communication between the Coleg and its university branches. The Coleg has also initiated the Post-16 Strategic Board in 2020/21. The Board advises the Directors and the Coleg on matters relating to Further Education and Apprenticeships and oversees progress against the Further Education and Apprenticeships Strategic Plan.

The Audit and Risk Committee advises and supports the Coleg Board of Directors and officers by providing them with independent assurance on the effectiveness of the Coleg's internal control, corporate governance and risk management. The Audit and Risk Committee also makes recommendations regarding the appointment of internal and external auditors and reviews the Coleg's financial statements, and prior to submission to the Board, reviews the management letter and receives and considers progress reports on areas of significant risk identified by academic managers. In addition, the Audit and Risk Committee receives and considers reports as they affect Coleg business and monitors compliance with regulatory requirements. Although senior officers attend Audit and Risk Committee meetings as required, they are not members of the Committee.

TIAA are the College's internal auditors and several reports were received from the internal auditors during the year, including Engaging Students, Marketing and Communication, Key Financial Controls, Cyber Security and Academic Branches during the pandemic. Updates were received in every meeting of the Committee on acting against recommendations of the internal reports. TIAA presented an annual report to the Audit and Risk Committee for the year 2021/22 assuming that the College has established reasonable risk management, control and governance processes, and all the audits are of a high standard. The Committee wishes to praise the work of officers, members of the Committee and the internal auditors in ensuring consistent improvements in the processes. An internal audit programme for 2022/23 was agreed.

As a charitable company, the Coleg is governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association, which provide for the appointment and reappointment of Trustees. In order to ensure an independent element to the appointment of Trustees, the Board established a Appointments and Governance and Standards Committee. The Committee is responsible for maintaining the appointment processes of members of the Coleg Board of Directors, including the Chair, and other committee members within the governance structure of the Coleg Board of Directors. The Committee also oversees standards of governance within the Coleg Board of Directors.

Trustees are appointed for an initial term of four years, renewable for a maximum of another four year term. Meetings of the Trustees are attended by members of the Coleg's management team, in particular the Chief Executive and members of the senior management team, who present papers on their areas of responsibility.

The Trustees exercise oversight and supervision of all the Coleg's main functional areas, including academic development and planning, finance, human resources, health and safety, staff development, marketing / communications, and information services.

The Trustees decide on the strategy for the Coleg. The implementation of the strategy and the operational management is delegated to the Chief Executive and his colleagues.

The Coleg is committed to high standards of corporate governance. This statement describes how the relevant principles of corporate governance are applied to the Coleg.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS Registered Company number 07550507 (England and Wales)

Registered Charity number 1143525

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Registered office

Y Llwyfan Ffordd Y Coleg Caerfyrddin Sir Gaerfyrddin SA31 3EQ

Trustees

R Evans Trustee (appointed 17.11.21)
A Beynon Trustee (appointed 1.4.21)
Professor Y A E Thomas Trustee (appointed 1.4.21)
Professor A Jones Trustee
M Huws Trustee
A M Lloyd-Williams Trustee
P ap Llwyd Trustee
L A Roberts Trustee
W Callaway Trustee
G D Jones Trustee
Dr A Eirug Trustee and Chair (appointed 1.9.22)
Ms N Elias Trustee

Company Secretary

Dr D Phillips

Auditors

Bevan Buckland LLP Chartered Accountants And Statutory Auditors Ground Floor Cardigan House Castle Court Swansea Enterprise Park Swansea SA7 9LA

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees (who are also the directors of Y Coleg Cymraeg Cenedlaethol for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Bevan Buckland LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Report of the trustees, incorporating a strategic report, approved by order of the board of trustees, as the company directors, on and signed on the board's behalf by:

Trustee

Dr A E Eirug

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Y Coleg Cymraeg Cenedlaethol (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Trustees has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We discussed our audit independence complying with the Revised Ethical Standard 2019 with the engagement team members whilst planning the audit and continually monitored our independence throughout the process.

Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following:

Enquiring of management, including obtaining and reviewing supporting documentation, concerning the company's policies and procedures relating to:

identifying, evaluating, and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;

detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;

internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations;

Discussing among the engagement team how and where fraud might occur in the Financial Statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

Obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the charitable company operates in, focusing on those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the Financial Statements or that had a fundamental effect on the operations of the charitable company. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act and relevant tax legislation.

Audit response to risks identified

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with relevant laws and regulations;

enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims; performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud; reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing correspondence with HMRC; in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments;

assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Henry Lloyd-Davies (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Bevan Buckland LLP

Chartered Accountants
And Statutory Auditors
Ground Floor Cardigan House
Castle Court
Swansea Enterprise Park
Swansea
SA7 9LA

Date: 23/11/2022

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Unrestricted fund	Restricted fund	2022 Total funds £	2021 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM Charitable activities Higher Education, Further Education and	140.00		~		
Apprenticeships		8,538,052	-	8,538,052	7,544,698
Investment income	2	115,522		115,522	87,618
Total		8,653,574		8,653,574	7,632,316
EXPENDITURE ON Charitable activities Higher Education, Further Education and	4				
Apprenticeships		8,587,189	¥	8,587,189	7,482,149
Other	7	530,863		530,863	
Total		9,118,052		9,118,052	7,482,149
Net gains/(losses) on investments		(7,908)		(7,908)	368,313
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(472,386)	t de la companya de	(472,386)	518,480
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS					
Total funds brought forward		3,378,142		3,378,142	2,859,662
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		2,905,756		2,905,756	3,378,142

BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2022

FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets		Notes	Unrestricted fund £	Restricted fund £	2022 Total funds £	2021 Total funds £
Investments 13 3,820,897 - 3,820,897 3,517,645 3,866,961 - 3,866,961 3,574,552 CURRENT ASSETS Debtors 14 246,432 - 246,432 520,142 Cash at bank and in hand 148,178 - 148,178 327,434 CREDITORS CREDITORS		40				
3,866,961 - 3,866,961 3,574,552 CURRENT ASSETS Debtors				-		
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors 14 246,432 - 246,432 520,142 Cash at bank and in hand 148,178 - 148,178 327,434 CREDITORS CREDITORS		10	0,020,007		3,020,037	3,317,043
Debtors			3,866,961	-	3,866,961	3,574,552
Debtors	CURRENT ASSETS					
394,610 - 394,610 847,576 CREDITORS	Debtors	14	246,432	193	246,432	520,142
CREDITORS	Cash at bank and in hand		148,178	e	148,178	327,434
			394,610	070	394,610	847,576
Amounts falling due within one year 15 (413,838) - (413,838) (629,023)	CREDITORS					
	Amounts falling due within one year	15	(413,838)	:2	(413,838)	(629,023)
					·	·
NET CURRENT ASSETS(19,228) (19,228) 218,553	NET CURRENT ASSETS		(19,228)		(19,228)	218,553
					2	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 3,847,733 - 3,847,733 3,793,105	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S	3,847,733	-	3,847,733	3,793,105
PENSION PROVISION 18 (941,977) (941,977) (414,963)	PENSION PROVISION	18	(941,977)		(941,977)	(414,963)
				·		
NET ASSETS 2,905,756 - 2,905,756 3,378,142	NET ASSETS		2,905,756		2,905,756	3,378,142
FUNDS 17 Unrestricted funds 2,905,756 3,378,142		17			2 905 756	3 378 1/12
<u>Z,905,756</u> <u>3,576,142</u>	Chi Sociation fullido				2,900,700	3,370,142
TOTAL FUNDS 2,905,756 3,378,142	TOTAL FUNDS				2,905,756	3,378,142

Trustee

Dr A E Eirug

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid	1	69,990 (6,349)	418,912 (6,578)
Net cash provided by operating activities		63,641	412,334
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Purchase of fixed asset investments Sale of fixed asset investments Interest received Net cash used in investing activities		(27,259) (562,058) 250,898 <u>95,522</u> (242,897)	(16,723) (858,751) 501,020 <u>87,618</u> (286,836)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	n	(179,256) _327,434	125,498 201,936
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	of	<u>148,178</u>	327,434

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

RECONCILIATION OF NET (EXPENDITURE)/INCOME TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1.

2.

Total

ACTIVITIES			
Activities		2022 £	2021 £
Net (expenditure)/income for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	9	(472,386)	518,480
Adjustments for: Depreciation charges Losses/(gain) on investments Interest received Interest paid Decrease in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors Difference between pension charge and cash contributions		38,102 7,908 (95,522) 6,349 273,710 (215,185) 527,014	32,798 (345,456) (87,618) 6,578 68,977 240,153 (15,000)
Net cash provided by operations		69,990	418,912
ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS			
Nedersta	At 1.4.21 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.22 £
Net cash Cash at bank and in hand	327,434	(179,256)	148,178
	327,434	(179,256)	148,178

327,434

(179, 256)

148,178

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of investments which are included at market value, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Significant estimates and judgements used in the preparation of this financial information were as follows:

(i) Retirement benefit obligations

The USS is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme as insufficient information is available to use defined benefit accounting. However, as the Coleg is contractually obliged to pay contributions into the USS to fund past deficits, this element of the obligation is provided for on the balance sheet.

The deficit recovery plan put in place by the USS sets out the proportion of annual contributions that relate to past deficit recovery, and the period for which these are committed. These committed deficit contributions are re-assessed with each triennial valuation of the scheme, and form the basis of the provision, together with assumptions on appropriate inflation and discount factors. These assumptions impact the level of the provision calculated. Further detail is provided within Note 18.

Income and recognition policies

Items of income are recognised and included in the financial statements when all of the following criteria are met:

The Charity has entitlement to the funds;

Any performance conditions attached to the item(s) of income have been met or are fully within the control of the charity;

There is sufficient certainty that receipt of the income is considered probable; and

The amount can be measured reliably.

Interest receivable

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the Bank.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Allocation and apportionment of costs

Support costs are those functions that assist the work of the charity but do not directly undertake charitable activities. Support costs include back office costs, finance personnel, payroll and governance costs which support the educational activities. The bases on which support costs have been allocated are set out in note 4.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 10 - 25% on cost
Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Investments

Investments are valued at the quoted bid price. Unrealised gains or losses are derived from the movement in the market value in the year.

Page 15 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid after taking account of any trade discounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price).

Taxation

As a registered charity, the charity is generally exempt from corporation tax under sections 466 to 493 Corporation Tax Act 2010, provided the income arising is applied for charitable purposes. Section 256 TCGA 1992 also provides an exemption from tax on capital gains, provided the gains are applied for charitable purposes. No tax charge arises in the year.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The principal defined benefit pension scheme for the Coleg's staff is the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS). The scheme is a funded defined benefit scheme. The funds are actuarially valued every three years by a professionally qualified actuary using either the aggregate method or the attained age method with the rates of contribution payable being determined by the scheme's trustees on the advice of the actuary. The latest available actuarial valuation of the scheme at 31 March 2022 was the March 2020 valuation.

The USS is a multi-employer scheme for which it is not possible to identify the assets and liabilities to Coleg members due to the mutual nature of the scheme and therefore this scheme is accounted for as a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme.

A liability is recorded within provisions for any contractual commitment to fund past deficits within the USS scheme.

Financial instruments

The charitable company has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

i. Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, cash and bank balances and investments in commercial paper, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price.

Page 16 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publically traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

ii. Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

iii. Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2. INVESTMENT INCOME

2.	Rents received Investments income		2022 £ 20,000 95,522 115,522	2021 £
3.	INCOME FROM CHARITABI		2022 £	2021 £
	Institutional Subscriptions HEFCW Cymraeg Gwaith Other Income	Activity Higher Education, Further Education and Apprenticeships Higher Education, Further Education and	99,403 274,000 600,000 33,009	99,404 146,000 600,000 78,051
	Grants	Apprenticeships		7,544,698
	Grants received, included in t	he above, are as follows:	2022 £	2021 £
	Welsh Government Grants		_7,531,640	6,621,243

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4. CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS

4.	CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS				
			Grant		
			funding of		
			activities	Support	
		Direct	(see note	costs (see	
		Costs	5)	note 6)	Totals
		£	£	£	£
	Higher Education, Further Education	~	-	~	~
	and Apprenticeships	1,317,322	6,196,181	_1,073,686	_8,587,189
	and Appromisessings	=1,011,022	=	= 1,010,000	= 0,001,100
5.	GRANTS PAYABLE				
Э.	GRANTS PATABLE			2022	2024
				2022	2021
	History Education Education and Association			£	£
	Higher Education, Further Education and App	renticesnips		6,196,181	5,178,419
	The total grants paid to institutions during the	year was as follow	ws:		
				2022	2021
				£	£
	Swansea University			437,097	456,227
	Aberystwyth University			650,143	668,832
	Bangor University			919,449	883,002
	Cardiff University			768,335	625,446
	University of Wales Trinity Saint David			226,680	229,642
	University of South Wales			196,682	235,044
	Wrexham Glyndwr University			174,953	35,000
	Cardiff Metropolitian University			245,897	218,908
	The University of Wales			210,001	2,464
	Coleg Cambria			136,095	83,343
	Coleg Caerdydd a'r Fro			136,095	68,910
	Coleg Y Cymoedd			65,747	46,200
	Coleg Gwent			118,247	50,950
	Coleg Gwyr Abertawe			170,720	69,700
	Coleg Sir Gar			154,247	125,700
	Grwp Llandrillo Menai			188,747	142,200
	Coleg Merthyr			90,900	71,450
	Grwp Nedd Port Talbot			70,200	45,800
	Coleg Penfro			100,189	60,682
				36,000	00,002
	Addysg Oedolion Cymru			99,847	55.050
	Coleg Penybont National			169,394	55,950 48,750
				105,554	16,460
	ACT Training			-	
	Open University in Wales				24,000
				E 455 CC4	4 204 000
				5,155,664	4,264,660
	The Askel manks maid to be distributed as 1 and 1				
	The total grants paid to individuals during the	year was as tollov	vs.	2022	2024
				2022	2021
	0.1.1.1:			£	£
	Scholarships			594,750	557,500
	Postgraduate Scholarships			<u>445,767</u>	356,259
				4 0 4 0 7 4 7	0.40 ===
				_1,040,517	913,759

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

6.	SUPPORT COSTS		Marketing and communications £	Training £	Network agreement costs £	Rent £
	Higher Education, Further Education and Apprenticeships		72,978	9,442	82,273	105,639
	History Education - Further	Administration £	Educational activities £	Governance £	Support costs £	Totals £
	Higher Education, Further Education and Apprenticeships	177,070	555,899	37,422	32,963	1,073,686
7.	OTHER					
	Staff costs				2022 £ 530,863	2021 £
	Included within other expenditure	re is the increase	e in the USS provis	sion (Note 18).		
8.	NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)				
	Net income/(expenditure) is star	ted after charging	g/(crediting):			
	Auditors' remuneration Depreciation - owned assets				2022 £ 16,573 _38,102	2021 £ 16,693 _32,798
	Depresiation - Owned assets				30,102	52,730

9. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2022 nor for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The Chairman of the Board was paid an honorarium during the year totalling £2,500.

Trustees' expenses

10.

Trustees received no expenses during the year (2021: £4,375 paid to 5 Trustees).

STAFF COSTS		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,000,379	971,364
Social security costs	106,966	106,000
Other pension costs	<u>740,840</u>	210,000
	1,848,185	1,287,364
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		0.000
	2022	2021
Staff	28	<u> 27</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

10. STAFF COSTS - continued

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2022	2021
£60,001 - £70,000	2	2
£70,001 - £80,000	4.	1
£80,001 - £90,000	1	
	3	3

The total employer's pension contributions paid to defined contributions schemes for the higher paid employee was £47,039 (2021: £42,614).

Key management personnel.

The total employee benefits of the key management personnel of the Charity were £295,204 (2021: £286,000)

11. COMPARATIVES FOR THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES Unrestricted Restricted Total fund fund funds £ £ £ **INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM** Charitable activities Higher Education, Further Education and 7,544,698 7,544,698 Apprenticeships Investment income 87,618 87,618 **Total** 7,632,316 7,632,316 **EXPENDITURE ON** Charitable activities Higher Education, Further Education and Apprenticeships 7,482,149 7.482.149 Other Total 7,482,149 7,482,149 Net gains on investments 368,313 368,313 **NET INCOME** 518.480 518,480 **RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS** Total funds brought forward 2,859,662 2,859,662 **TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD** 3,378,142 3,378,142

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

12.	TANGIBLE FIXED	ASSETS
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	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST		-	
At 1 April 2021 Additions	57,558 3,343	249,790 23,916	307,348 27,259
At 31 March 2022	60,901	273,706	334,607
DEPRECIATION	E / 100	100.010	050 444
At 1 April 2021 Charge for year	51,193 3,043	199,248 35,059	250,441 38,102
At 31 March 2022	54,236	234,307	288,543
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 March 2022	6,665	39,399	46,064
At 31 March 2021	6,365	50,542	56,907

13. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

TIALD ASSET INVESTMENTS	Listed investments £
MARKET VALUE At 1 April 2021 Additions Disposals Revaluations	3,517,645 562,058 (250,898) (7,908)
At 31 March 2022	_3,820,897
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2022	<u>3,820,897</u>
At 31 March 2021	3,517,645

There were no investment assets outside the UK.

The investment comprise £441,500 (2021: £301,000) invested in a Liquidity fund and £3,379,397 (2021: £3,216,000) invested in Open-End Funds. All investments are held in funds incorporated in the United Kingdom.

14. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	13,726	422,435
Other debtors	130,061	-
Prepayments	102,645	<u>97,707</u>
	_246,432	520,142

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

15.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WIT	HIN ONE YEAR			
				2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditors Social security and other taxes Accruals and deferred income			316,905 25,391 _71,542	208,195 23,814 _397,014
				413,838	629,023
16.	LEASING AGREEMENTS				
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable	e operating lease	es fall due as foll	ows:	
	Within one year Between one and five years			2022 £ 85,743 _104,715	2021 £ 71,000 188,000
				190,458	259,000
17.	MOVEMENT IN FUNDS			Net	
			At 1.4.21 £	movement in funds £	At 31.3.22 £
	Unrestricted funds General fund		3,378,142	(472,386)	2,905,756
	TOTAL FUNDS		3,378,142	<u>(472,386)</u>	2,905,756
	Net movement in funds, included in the above a	re as follows:			
		Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Gains and losses £	Movement in funds
	Unrestricted funds General fund	8,653,574	(9,118,052)	(7,908)	(472,386)
	TOTAL FUNDS	8,653,574	(9,118,052)	(7,908)	(472,386)
	Comparatives for movement in funds				
			At 1.4.20 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.21 £
	Unrestricted funds General fund		2,859,662	518,480	3,378,142
	TOTAL FUNDS		2,859,662	518,480	3,378,142

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

17. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Gains and losses £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds General fund	7,632,316	(7,482,149)	368,313	518,480
TOTAL FUNDS	7,632,316	(7,482,149)	368,313	518,480

18. PENSION PROVISION

The Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) deficit

Obligation to fund deficit on USS pension

	2022
	£
As 1 April 2021	414,963
Contributions paid	(10,198)
Increase in provision	530,863
Interest expense	6,349
At 31 March 2022	941,977

The obligation to fund the past deficit on the University's Superannuation Scheme (USS) arises from the contractual obligation with the pension scheme for total payments relating to benefits arising from past performance. Management has assessed future employees within the USS scheme and salary payment over the period of the contracted obligation in assessing the value of this provision based on conditions existing at that point in time.

The key assumptions applied at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	2022	2021
	%	%
Salary growth	2.50	2.50
Discount rate	3.34	1.10

The Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) is the main scheme covering staff, which provides benefits based on final pensionable salary for Final Salary members (now closed to new entrants) and Career Revalued Benefits (CRB) for new entrants since 2011. The assets of the scheme are held in a separate fund administered by the trustee, Universities Superannuation Limited.

Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the scheme's assets are not hypothecated to the Coleg and individual institutions and a scheme-wide contribution is set. The Coleg is therefore exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and therefore, as required by FRS102, accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period. However, under Charities SORP (FRS102), a liability is also recorded within provisions for any contractual commitment to fund past deficits within the USS

2021

2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

19. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, the following transactions were undertaken with related parties:

An amount of £3,527,586 (2021: £3,282,894) was paid to Higher Education Institutions in order to fund educational activities in those institutions. These institutions are guarantors of the Coleg as set out below.

20. COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

The Coleg is a company limited by guarantee and accordingly does not have a share capital. The company guarantors are the following institutions:

Swansea University Aberystwyth University Bangor University Cardiff University University of Wales University of South Wales Cardiff Metropolitan University University of Wales Trinity Saint David Wrexham Glyndwr University The Open University National Library of Wales Welsh Local Government Association Association of Schools for Welsh Language Education Parents for Welsh Language Education National Union of Students Wales Mudiad Meithrin Education and Health Improvement Wales

Each member's liability is limited to £10, namely the sum which each member undertakes to contribute to the Coleg's assets should it be wound up whilst they are a member or within a year of the end of their membership, in order to:

- (a) pay the Coleg's debts and liabilities which occurred whilst they were still a member,
- (b) pay the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and
- (c) adapt the rights of those contributors amongst each other.